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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO	
10/586,883	04/13/2007	Gregory James Roger	FBRIC59.001APC	1548
	7590 09/09/200 RTENS OLSON & BE	EXAMINER		
2040 MAIN ST FOURTEENTH	REET	STEWART, JASON-DENNIS NEILKEN		
IRVINE, CA 92		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3738	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/09/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

jcartee@kmob.com eOAPilot@kmob.com

Office Action Communication		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/586,88	33	ROGER, GREGORY JAMES				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		JASON-D	ENNIS STEWART	3738				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	on appears on the	e cover sheet with the d	correspondence ac	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR FOR HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicating operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF TH CFR 1.136(a). In no evi ion. period will apply and w statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	11 June 2008						
, —	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This action is n	on-final.					
3)	<i>'</i>	_		osecution as to the	e merits is			
<u>ا</u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the applic	eation.						
,—	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) 23,24 and 28 is/are allowed.							
·	☑ Claim(s) <u>23,24 and 26</u> is/are allowed. ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-5, 8-22 and 25-27</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) <u>6 and 7</u> is/are objected to.	iod.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election r	aguirement					
		and/or election i	equirement.					
Applicat	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b)	\square objected to by the I	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the o	correction is requir	ed if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notice (3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	48)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate				

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DETAILED ACTION

The following is a Final Office action is response to communications received on 06/11/2008. Claims 1, 2, 5, and 23 have been amended. Therefore, Claims 1-28 are pending and addressed below.

Response to Amendment

The amendments are sufficient to overcome the U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph rejection of the previous Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-5, 8, 9, 11, 13-15, 18, 21, and 25-27 are rejected under 35

 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Otte 6,468,305. The annular body is mountable to the inner surface of the support ring and cusps rotatable within the annular body (Fig.
- 5). The outer surface of the support ring is engageable to a vessel wall (Fig. 4).

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3. Regarding Claims 1 and 2, Otte discloses moveable leaflets 152, annular body 12 and support ring 14. The annular body is moveable and rotatable relative to the support ring from a sealed to an unsealed position (col. 2, II. 35-50).

- 4. Regarding Claim 3, the leaflets are capable of moving to a closed position due to a second pressure differential.
- 5. Regarding Claim 4, it is inherent that a higher pressure upstream would cause the leaflets of the valve to open as it would in a natural heart valve.
- 6. Regarding Claim 5, it is inherent that higher pressure downstream would cause the leaflets to close as in a natural valve.
- 7. Regarding Claim 8, Otte illustrates leaflets extending inwardly from and at an angle to the annular body portion when in their closed position (Fig. 5).
- 8. Regarding Claim 9, Otte illustrates leaflets forming a convex body that extends away from the annular body portion (Fig. 5).
- 9. Regarding Claim 11, Otte illustrates leaflets that are fully capable of progressive movement upon progressive change of pressure (Figs. 5 and 6).
- 10. Regarding Claims 13 and 14, Otte illustrates leaflets 18 that are hingedly connected to the annular body portion (Fig. 3A).
- 11. Regarding Claim 15, Otte illustrates a valve made from bioprosthetic tissue (Fig.6).
- 12. Regarding Claim 18, Otte discloses the annular body made from pyrolytic carbon (col. 3, II. 11-25).

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13. Regarding Claims 21, 25 and 26, Otte discloses a method of delivering the implant into a vessel where the support ring is delivered separately (col. 3, II. 12-25).

14. Regarding Claim 22, Otte discloses mitral and aortic valve (col. 2, II. 19-21).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otte 6,468,305 further in view of Quijano et al. 5,500,014.

Otte discloses the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However,

Gorshkov in view of Sutherland in view of Otte does not disclose overlapping leaflets.

Quijano discloses overlapping leaflets (col. 9, II. 20-25).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the invention of Otte with the overlapping leaflets of Quijano in order to ensure that the valve stays open under normal blood flow conditions but closes under minimal backflow pressure as taught by Quijano (abstract).

3. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otte 6,468,305 in view of Child 3,835,475.

Otte discloses the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However, Gorshkov in view of Sutherland in view of Otte does not disclose a coating to reduce turbulence of fluid flowing past and/or over the leaflets.

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Child discloses a silicon-alloyed Pyrolite carbon coating (abstract).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the invention of Otte with the coating of Child in order to increase thromboresistance as taught by Child (col. 2, II. 20-25).

4.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the invention of Gorshkov in view of Sutherland with the bioprosthetic tissue of Otte in order to implant a valve in the mitral or aortic valve orifice as taught (col. 2, II. 16-21).

- 5. Claims 16, 17 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otte 6,468,305 in view of Gorshkov et al. 5,197,980.
- 6. Regarding Claim 16, Otte discloses the invention as claimed and as discussed above. Although implied, Otte does not disclose leaflets made from an artificial material.

Gorshkov teaches leaflets made from pyrolytic carbon (col. 5, II. 12-15). Regarding Claim 17, Gorshkov also teaches a support ring made of metal alloy such as cobalt (col. 5, lines 16-18).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the invention of Otte with the material disclosed in Gorshkov in order to form valvular cusps that are biocompatible as taught by Groshkov (abstract).

Additionally, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to substitute support ring

materials and use cobalt as taught by Gorshkov in Otte's valve device since such a modification only involves routine skill in the art.

7. Regarding Claim 20, Otte discloses the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However, Otte does not disclose providing the annular body and support ring as a single unit.

Gorshkov illustrates a valve mechanism that is capable of being delivered as a single unit (Fig. 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the invention of Otte with the material disclosed in Gorshkov in order to form valvular cusps that are biocompatible as taught by Groshkov (abstract).

8. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Otte 6,468,305 further in view of Cohen 4,599,081.

Otte discloses the invention as claimed and as discussed above. However, Gorshkov in view of Sutherland in view of Otte does not disclose a turbine member.

Cohen discloses a turbine member that translates and rotates to cause occlusion or unocclusion of a valve (abstract).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the invention of Otte with the turbine of Cohen in order to provide an artificial heart valve with a high speed occluder and substantially no noise as taught by Cohen (col. 5, II. 7-10).

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Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 6 and 7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

10. Claims 23, 24, and 28 are allowed. The prior art does not teach or suggestion alone or in combination an annular body that moves from a sealed to an unsealed position defining a second pathway when the assembly is subject to the first pressure differential.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments filed -6/11/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Otte does not disclose or suggest a second fluid pathway defined by the annular body and the support ring. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Otte discloses an annular body and a support ring that can be unsealed and separated with one another. When these two portions are unsealed from one another, it is inherent that a second fluid pathway would be established that is defined by the annular body and the support ring. Furthermore, it should be noted that a small degree of backflow through portion of a prior art valves is well known and discussed (see Gorshkov et al. 5,197,980 for example, col. 8, II. 5-10, for example). The limitation "for the flow of fluid in the first direction" is seen as a functional limitation by the Examiner and does not distinguish the Applicant's invention structurally over the prior art.

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Conclusion

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JASON-DENNIS STEWART whose telephone number is (571)270-3080. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (alt Fridays off) 7:30-5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott can be reached on (571)272-4754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JS /Jason-Dennis Stewart/ Examiner, Art Unit 3738

/Brian E Pellegrino/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3738